

# Sliding DCT

**Mathematical Models and Methods for Image  
Processing**

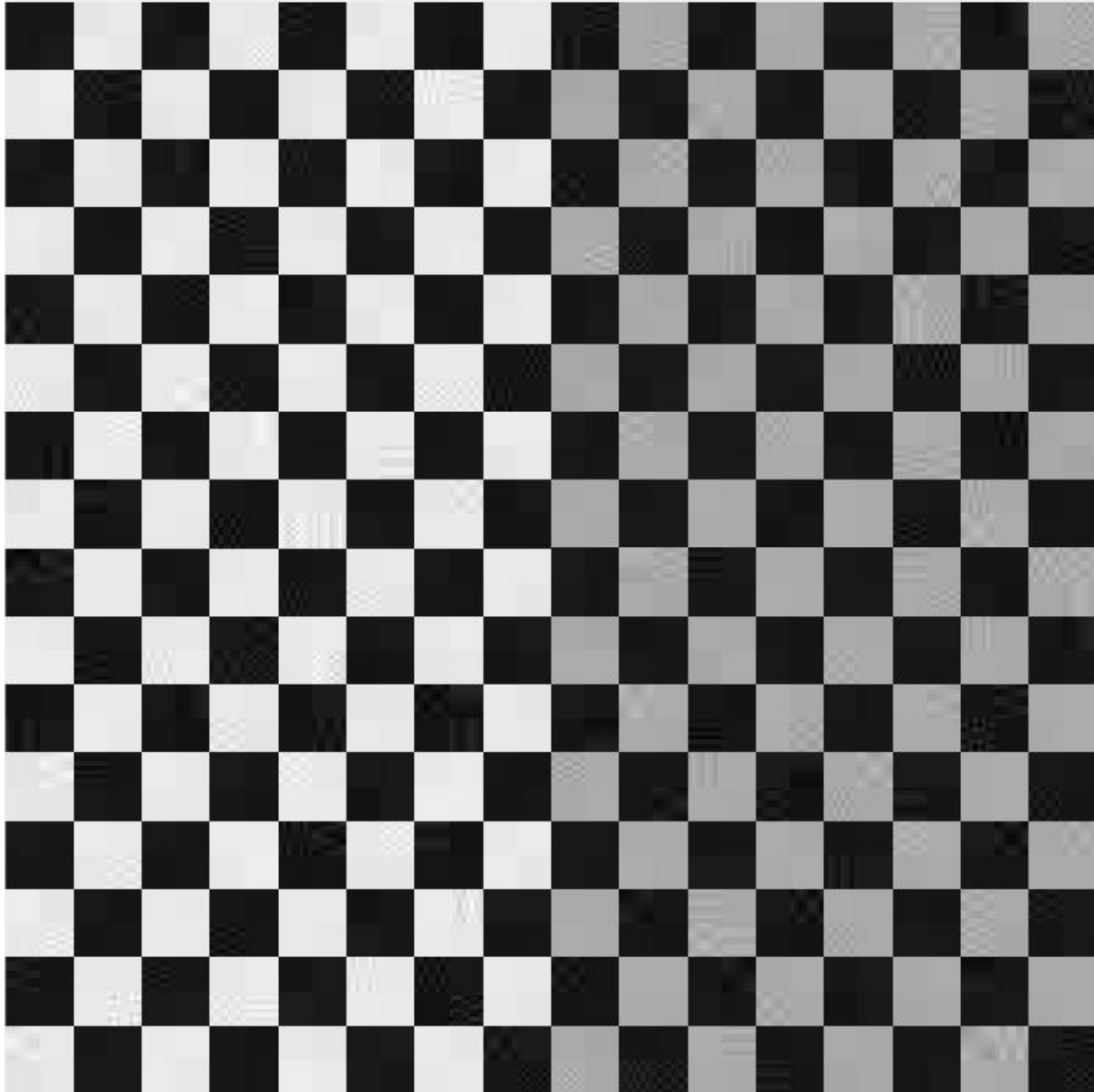
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<https://boracchi.faculty.polimi.it/teaching/MMMIP.htm>

February 29th 2024

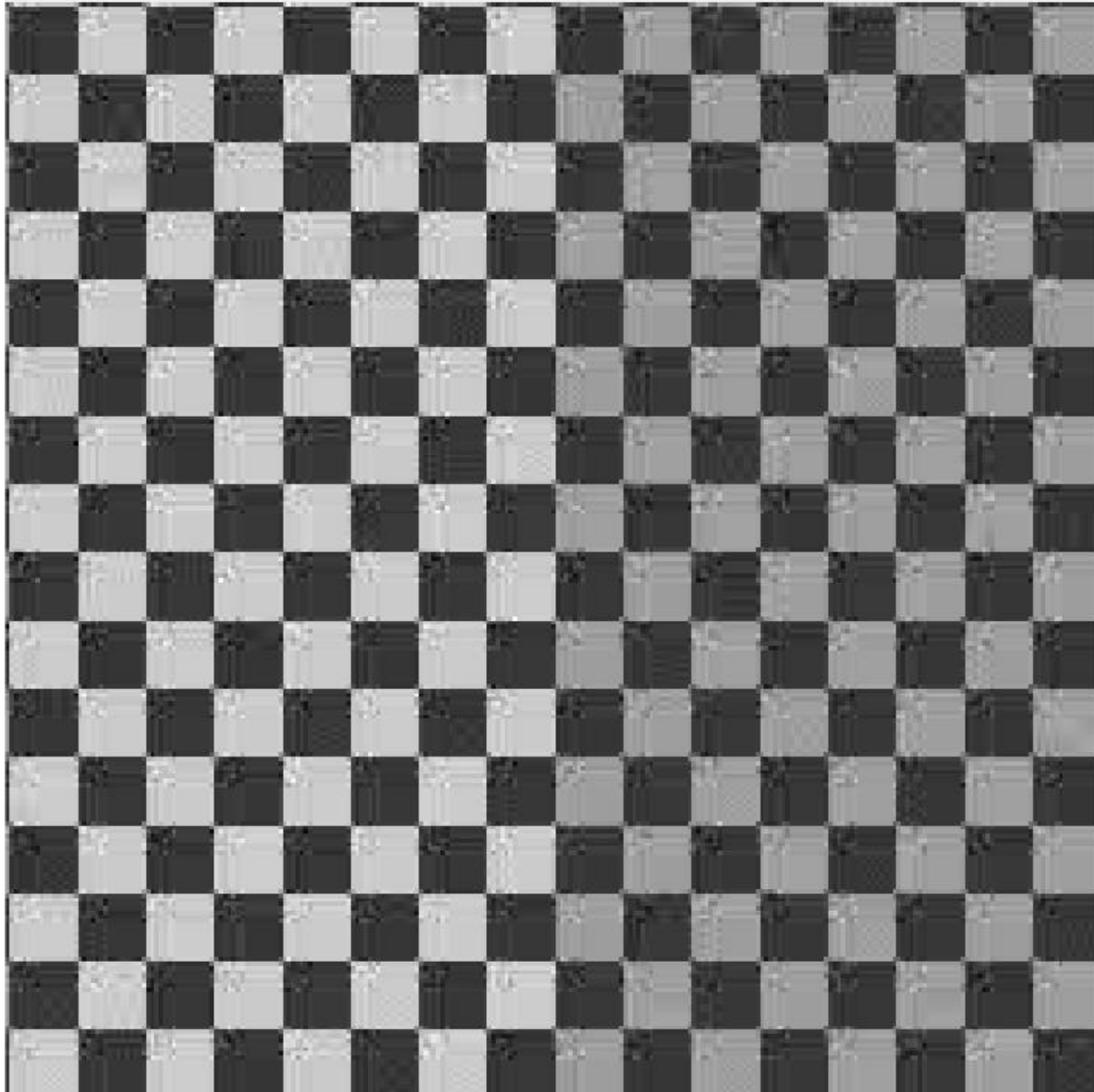
# No shift

Estimated Image, PSNR : 35.747



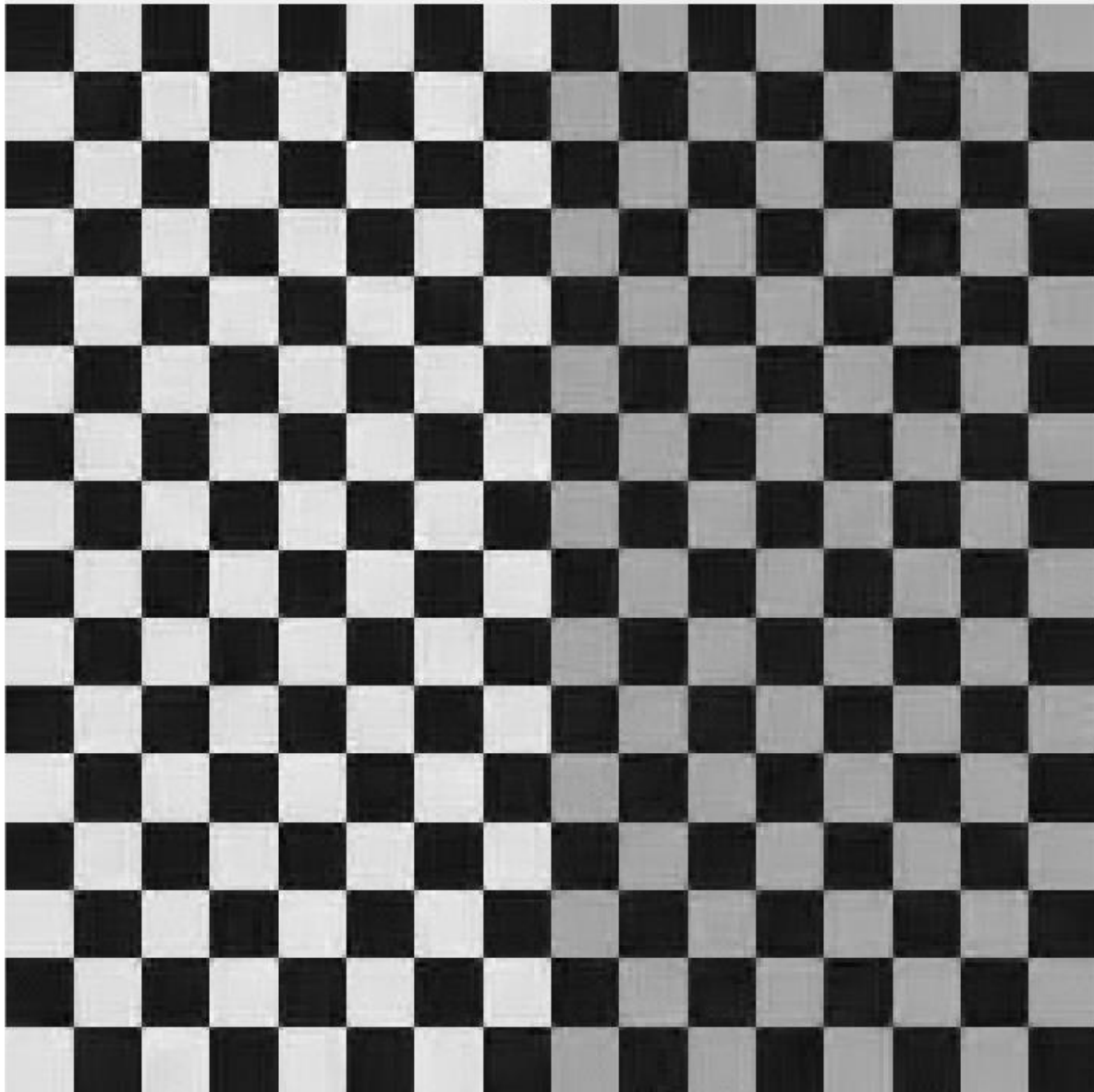
# Shift [1 row, 1 col]

Estimated Image, PSNR : 23.645



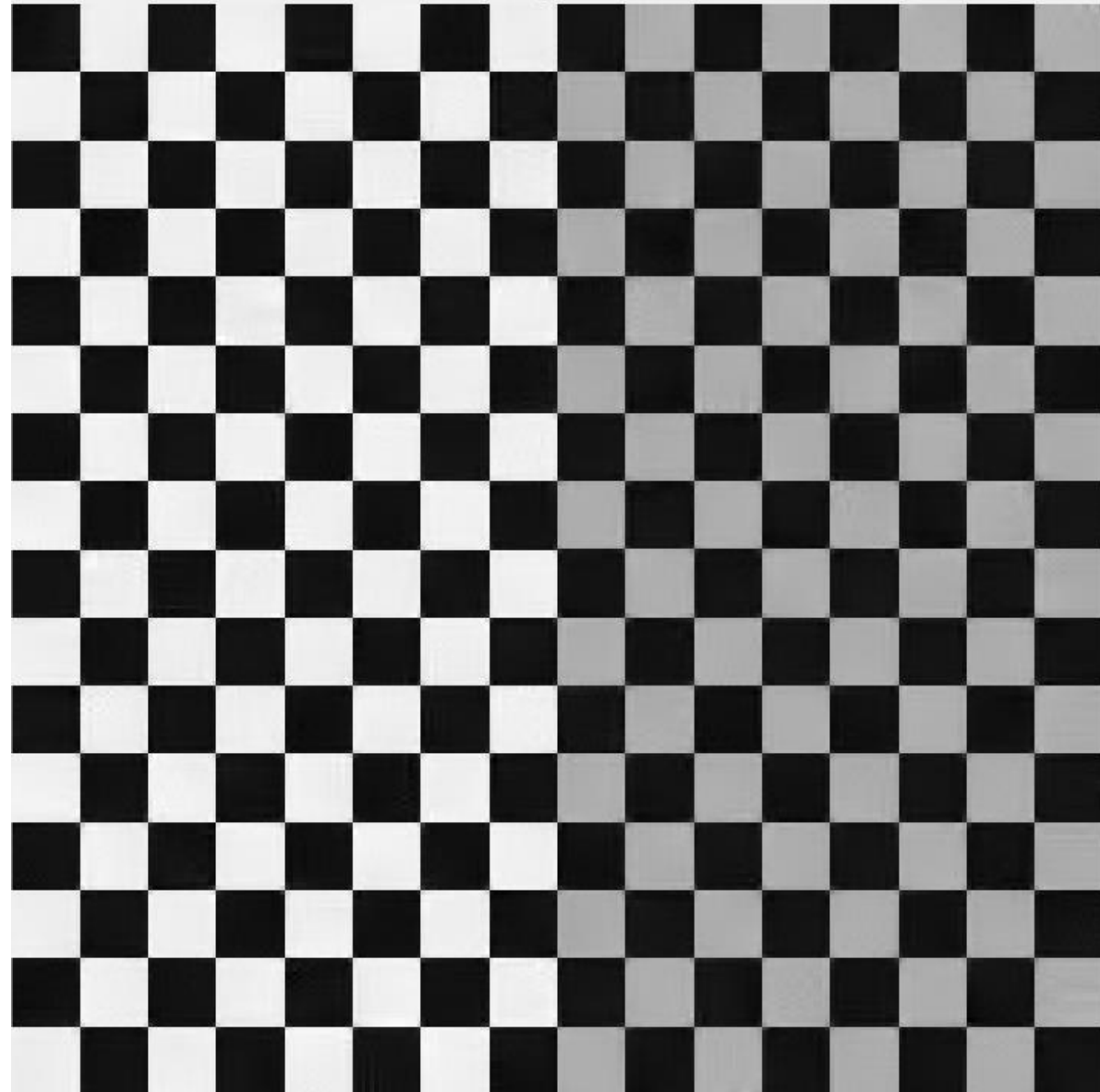
# Uniform Weights

Estimated Image, PSNR : 30.582



# Sparsity-aware

Estimated Image, PSNR : 35.656



# Assignment

Implement the sliding-DCT denoising using both forms of aggregation and test both on natural images

Finally, test how much the choice of the threshold  $\tau$  influences the denoising performance. Observe the resulting image when:

- $\tau \ll 3\sigma$
- $\tau \gg 3\sigma$

This is very important to understand how important is the choice of the threshold

Original image



Noisy image, PSNR = 22.09



HT Estimate, PSNR = 29.15



Wiener Estimate, PSNR = 29.41



# Assignment

- Corrupt the image with white noise
- Compute a first estimate using DCT denoising with Hard Thresholding
- Use this estimate to perform denoising via Wiener Filtering



# Assignment

Implement the noise estimation formula and use this in the denoising framework